AN OVERVIEW OF THE **HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE PLAN 201**

High levels of chronic vulnerability persist in the Sahel. Early 2015, an estimated 20.4 million people are food insecure in the region. Acute malnutrition is expected to threaten the lives and development of 5.8 million children under five years of age. Violent conflicts and insecurity caused 2.8 million people to flee from their homes, over a million more than early January 2014. Here is how humanitarian teams plan to respond to support the Sahel's most vulnerable.

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

- Support vulnerable populations to better cope signals, by reducing post-crisis recovery times and

assistance to people affected by emergencies.

AFFECTED OUNTRIES





5 MILLION





MILLION

HUMANITARIAN PRIORITIES



FOOD INSECURITY

and erode the resilience of the most vulnerable populations.



MALNUTRITION



CONFLICTS



EPIDEMICS

highly vulnerable to epidemics and



NATURAL DISASTERS

An increasingly erratic climate and recurrent disasters associated with across the Sahel.



SAHEL REGIONAL 10.3 million

COUNTRIES WITH STRATEGIC RESPONSE PLANS



needed in the Sahel at: www.unocha.org/sahel2015